Annual report for 2023

Eurowrap A/S

Odinsvej 30, 4100 Ringsted

CVR no. 79 52 41 15

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 29 February 2024

Anders Ditlev Jørgensen chairman

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Statement by management on the annual report

The supervisory board and executive board have today discussed and approved the annual report of Eurowrap A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements give a true and fair view of the company and the group financial position at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the group and the company operations and consolidated cash flows for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Ringsted, 29 February 2024

Executive board

Anders Ditlev Jørgensen

Supervisory board

Guillaume Marie Georges Nusse Melchior Delph Ludwig Nusse Anders Ditlev Jørgensen chairman

Johnny Engelund Kampman

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of Eurowrap A/S

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the group and the parent company at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the group's and the parent company's operations as well as the consolidated cash flows for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements of Eurowrap A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies, for both the group and the parent company as well as consolidated statement of cash flows ["financial statements"].

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on management's review

Management is responsible for management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read management's review and, in doing so, consider whether management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, management's review is in accordance with the consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of management's review.

Independent auditor's report

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements, that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the group or the parent company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements , whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the group's and the parent company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

Independent auditor's report

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in
 preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material
 uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the group's and
 the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material
 uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related
 disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion.
 Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report.
 However, future events or conditions may cause the group and the parent company to cease to
 continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.
- Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information for the entities or business activities within the group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Copenhagen, 29 February 2024

PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 33 77 12 31

Jacob F Christiansen State Authorised Public Accountant MNE no. mne18628 Per Larsen State Authorised Public Accountant MNE no. mne27778

Company details

The company	Eurowrap A/S Odinsvej 30 4100 Ringsted			
	CVR no.:	79 52 41 15		
	Reporting period: Incorporated: Financial year:	1 January - 31 December 2023 29 November 1985 39th financial year		
	Domicile:	Ringsted		
Supervisory board	Guillaume Marie Georges Nusse, chairman Melchior Delph Ludwig Nusse Anders Ditlev Jørgensen Johnny Engelund Kampman			
Executive board	Anders Ditlev Jørgen	sen		
Auditors	PricewaterhouseCoo Statsautoriseret Revi Strandvejen 44 2900 Copenhagen	-		

Financial highlights

Seen over a 5-year period, the development of the Group may be described by means of the following financial highlights:

	Group				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Key figures	ТДКК	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
Revenue	203.094	233.626	207.280	196.485	188.978
Gross profit	60.865	68.815	50.114	50.355	50.565
EBITDA	19.638	25.437	14.371	20.037	21.957
Operating profit/loss	12.712	17.605	6.345	7.994	16.301
Profit before financial income and					
expenses	15.278	21.142	9.890	15.525	18.128
Net financials	-833	-981	-590	1.048	-505
Profit/loss for the year	10.778	16.179	7.416	13.353	14.210
Balance sheet					
Balance sheet total	213.211	239.363	230.782	228.981	229.193
Equity	177.915	187.561	176.723	160.721	153.900
Cash flows from:					
- operating activities	51.019	-19.438	16.151	17.439	2.369
- investing activities	-801	-989	-1.597	-486	-583
- financing activities	-28.033	2.672	-28.390	-2.817	-6.418
The year's changes in cash and cash					
equivalents	22.185	-17.755	-13.836	14.136	-4.632
Financial ratios					
Gross margin	30,0%	29,5%	24,2%	25,6%	26,8%
EBIT margin	7,5%	9,0%	4,8%	7,9%	9,6%
Return on assets	6,8%	9,0%	4,3%	6,8%	7,9%
Solvency ratio	83,4%	78,4%	76,6%	70,2%	67,1%
Return on equity	5,9%	8,9%	4,4%	8,5%	9,4%
Number of employees	93	96	94	99	98

The financial ratios are calculated in accordance with the Danish Finance Society's recommendations and guidelines. For definitions, see the summary of significant accounting policies.

The numbers for 2019 only comprises a 9 month period as the Group has changed the financial year.

Management's review

Business review

Consolidated and Parent Company Financial Statements of Eurowrap A/S for 2023 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to medium-sized enterprises of reporting class C.

The Consolidated and Parent Company Financial Statements have been prepared under the same accounting policies as last year.

Unusual matters

Eurowrap is a leading designer, manufacturer and distributor of gift packaging including gift wrap, giftbags, gift tags, bows and ribbons and other related products.

Eurowrap comprises of Eurowrap A/S in Denmark and Eurowrap Ltd. in England. The Danish company manufactures gift roll wrap and is responsible for group sales in Continental Europe, whereas the UK subsidiary is responsible for design, Far East sourcing and group sales in the UK.

Financial review

The group's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2023 shows a profit of TDKK 10.778, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2023 shows equity of TDKK 177.915.

During 2023 the economic climate in Europe have been hit by uncertainty. On this background as well revenue as profit is realized in line with expectations.

The Group expects an unchanged revenue and profit in 2024.

Special risks apart from generally occuring risks in industry

Operating risks

Eurowrap serves European retail where understanding market trends, customer requirements,

expectations and on-time deliveries are essential for company performance. The business is seasonal with a large part of group turnover being Christmas items, which makes order timing and planning crucial for the business. The company has the normal risk attached to the market interest rate. The Company's mortgage loan have a flexible interest rate that will be adjusted once a year.

Currency risks

The company's primary markets are Great Britain, France, Germany and Scandinavia. The foreign exchange risks are primarily attached to the British market.

Management's review

External environment

The Company has a highly energy-efficient production system which recycles hot air pressure and drying process several times after which the excess heat is used to heat the building via a cooling system that reduces energy and water consumption for cooling significantly. The company uses only water-based inks.

Significant events occuring after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the the group's financial position.

The annual report of Eurowrap A/S for 2023 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to medium-sized class C entities.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The annual report for 2023 is presented in TDKK.

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the group's and the parent company's and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the group's and the parent company's and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements comprise the parent company Eurowrap A/S and subsidiaries in which the parent company, directly or indirectly, holds more than 50% of the voting rights or otherwise has a controlling interest. Entities in which the Group holds between 20% and 50% of the voting rights and over which it exercises significant influence, but which it does not control, are considered associates.

The consolidated financial statements are prepared as a consolidation of the parent company's and subsidiaries' financial statements by aggregating uniform accounting items. On consolidation, intragroup income and expenses, holdings of shares, intra-group balances and dividends as well as realised and unrealised gains and losses on intra-group transactions are eliminated.

Investments in subsidiaries are set off against the proportionate share of the subsidiaries' fair value of net assets and liabilities at the acquisition date.

Entities acquired or formed during the year are recognised in the consolidated financial statements from the date of acquisition. Entities sold during the year are recognised in the consolidated income statement until the date of disposal. Comparative figures are not restated for acquisitions or disposals.

Income statement

Hedge accounting

Fair value adjustments of financial instruments that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges of recognised assets or liabilities are recognised in the income statement together with any fair value adjustments of the hedged asset or liability that can be attributed to the hedged risk.

Changes in the fair value of financial instruments that are designated and qualify as hedges of expected future transactions are recognised in equity under retained earnings as regards the effective portion of the hedge. The ineffective portion of the hedge is recognised in the income statement. If the hedged transaction results in an asset or a liability, amounts deferred under equity are transferred to the cost of the asset or liability. If the hedged transaction results in income or expenses, amounts deferred under equity are transferred to the income statement in the period in which the hedged transaction is recognised. The amount is recognised in the same item as the hedged transaction.

Changes in the fair value of financial instruments that are designated and qualify as hedges of net investments in independent foreign subsidiaries, participating interests or associates are recognised directly in equity as regards the effective portion of the hedge, while the ineffective portion is recognised in the income statement.

Revenue

Income from the sale of goods for resale and finished goods is recognised in the income statement, provided that the transfer of risk, usually on delivery to the buyer, has taken place and that the income can be measured reliably and is expected to be received.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration, excluding VAT and other indirect taxes. Revenue is net of all types of discounts granted.

Cost of productions

Cost of productions comprises costs incurred to achieve revenue for the year. Cost comprises raw materials, consumables, direct labour costs and indirect production costs such as maintenance and depreciation, etc, as well as operation, administration and management of factories.

Other operating income

Other operating income comprises items of a secondary nature relative to the company's activities, including gains on the sale of intangible assets and items of property, plant and equipment.

Distribution costs

Distribution costs comprise costs in the form of salaries to sales and distribution staff, advertising and marketing expenses as well as operation of motor vehicles, depreciation, etc.

Administrative costs

Administrative costs comprise expenses for Management, administrative staff, office expenses, depreciation, etc.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, financial expenses relating to finance leases, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on securities, liabilities and foreign currency transactions, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities and surcharges and allowances under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme, etc.

Income from investments in subsidiaries

Dividend from investments is recognised in the reporting year in which the dividend is declared.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Tangible assets

Items of land and buildings, plant and machinery and fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The depreciable amount is cost less the expected residual value at the end of the useful life. Land is not depreciated.

Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date when the asset is available for use. The cost of self-constructed assets comprises direct and indirect costs of materials, components, sub-suppliers and wages.

Straight-line depreciation is provided on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

	Useful life	Residual value
Buildings	10-50 years	0 %
Production plant and machinery	3-15 years	0 %
Other fixtures & fittings, tools and equipment	3-5 years	0 %

Assets costing less than DKK 32.000 are expensed in the year of acquisition.

The useful life and residual value are re-assessed annually. A change is accounted for as an accounting estimate, and the impact on amortisation/depreciation is recognised going forward.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investment in subsidiaries are measured at cost. If cost exceeds the recoverable amount, a write-down is made to this lower value.

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amount of items of property, plant and equipment and investments in subsidiaries are tested annually for impairment, other than what is reflected through normal amortisation and depreciation.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at cost using the FIFO method. Where the net realisable value is lower than the cost, inventories are recognised at this lower value.

The cost of goods for resale, raw materials and consumables comprises the purchase price plus delivery costs.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress includes the cost of raw materials, consumables, direct cost of labour and production/production overheads.

Production overheads include the indirect cost of materials, wages and salaries as well as maintenance and depreciation of production machinery, buildings and equipment and expenses relating to plant administration and management. Borrowing costs are not recognised in the cost.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the expected selling price less direct costs of completion and expenses incurred to effect the sale. The net realisable value is determined taking into account marketability, obsolescence and expected selling price movements.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under 'Current assets' comprises expenses incurred concerning subsequent financial years.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and deposits at banks.

Equity

Dividends

Proposed dividends are disclosed as a separate item under equity. Dividends are recognised as a liability when declared by the annual general meeting of shareholders.

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable in the respective countries at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax adjustments resulting from changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement, with the exception of items taken directly to equity.

Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised on the raising of the loan at the proceeds received net of transaction costs incurred. On subsequent recognition, the financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value, using the effective interest method. Accordingly, the difference between the net proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan.

Other liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. If foreign currency instruments are considered cash flow hedges, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the latest financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date.

Foreign subsidiaries, associates and participating interests are considered separate entities. The income statements are translated at the average exchange rates for the month, and the balance sheet items are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation of such entities opening equity at closing rate and on translation of the income statements from the exchange rates at the transaction date to closing rate are taken directly to the fair value reserve under equity in the consolidated financial statements.

Foreign exchange adjustments of balances with separate entities which are considered part of the investment in the subsidiary are taken directly to the fair value reserve under 'Equity'. Correspondingly, foreign exchange gains and losses on loans and derivative financial instruments entered into to hedge net investments in such entities are taken directly to equity.

Cash flow statement

The cash flow statement shows the group's cash flows for the year, broken down under cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities, the year's changes in cash and cash equivalents and the group's cash and cash equivalents at the beginning and at the end of the year.

The cash flow effect of additions and disposals of entities is shown separately under cash flows from investing activities. The cash flow statement includes cash flows from acquired entities from the time of acquisition, and cash flows from sold entities are included until the date of sale.

Cash flows from operating activities

Cash flows from operating activities are stated as the group's profit or loss for the year, adjusted for non-cash operating items, changes in working capital and paid income taxes.

Cash flows from investing activities

Cash flows from investing activities comprise payments related to the acquisition and sale of entities and activities as well as intangible assets, property, plant and equipment and investments.

Cash flows from financing activities

Cash flows from financing activities comprise changes in the size or composition of the group's share capital and related costs, as well as the raising of loans, repayment of interest-bearing debt and payment of dividends to shareholders.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and short-term securities whose remaining life is less than three months and which are readily convertible into cash and which are subject only to insignificant risks of changes in value.

Financial Highlights	
Definitions of financial ratios.	
	Gross Profit x 100
Gross margin ratio	Revenue
	Profit/loss before financials x 100
EBIT margin	Revenue
Return on assets	Profit/loss before financials x 100
Return on assets	Total assets
Selveney ratio	Equity at year end x 100
Solvency ratio	Total assets
	Net profit for the year x 100
Return on equity	Average equity

Income statement 1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023

		Grou	р	Parent co	mpany
	Note	2023	2022	2023	2022
		TDKK	ТДКК	ТДКК	ТДКК
Revenue		203.094	233.626	91.918	103.670
Cost of productions	1	-142.229	-164.811	-76.342	-85.102
Gross profit		60.865	68.815	15.576	18.568
Distribution costs	1	-35.192	-38.356	-7.888	-9.984
Administrative costs	1	-12.961	-12.854	-6.927	-6.734
Operating profit/loss		12.712	17.605	761	1.850
Other operating income		2.566	3.537	187	128
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses		15.278	21.142	948	1.978
Income from investments in					
subsidiaries		0	0	21.523	0
Financial income	2	434	14	39	74
Financial costs	3	-1.267	-995	-900	-580
Profit/loss before tax		14.445	20.161	21.610	1.472
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	-3.667	-3.982	-22	-326
Net profit/loss for the year		10.778	16.179	21.588	1.146

Distribution of profit

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Balance sheet at 31 December 2023

		Group		Group Parent company		
	Note	2023	2022	2023	2022	
		ТДКК	ТДКК	ТОКК	ТДКК	
Assets						
Land and buildings	6	59.637	61.699	45.546	47.469	
Plant and machinery	6	2.752	3.846	2.631	3.680	
Other fixtures and fittings, tools						
and equipment	6	1.722	1.702	217	285	
Prepayments for tangible fixed						
assets	6	0	0	0	0	
Tangible assets		64.111	67.247	48.394	51.434	
Investments in subsidiaries	7	0	0	92.161	92.161	
Fixed asset investments		0	0	92.161	92.161	
Total non-current assets		64.111	67.247	140.555	143.595	
Total non-current assets			07.247	140.555	143.333	
Raw materials and consumables	5	20.390	30.562	20.390	30.562	
Work in progress		1.024	3.563	1.024	3.563	
Finished goods and goods for						
resale		32.199	44.299	9.931	7.165	
Inventories		53.613	78.424	31.345	41.290	
Trade receivables		30.291	49.123	17.598	30.085	
Receivables from Group		539	1.521	2.201	4.731	
Other receivables		1.680	2.374	235	1.276	
Prepayments	8	807	689	807	689	
Receivables		33.317	53.707	20.841	36.781	
Cash at bank and in hand		62.170	39.985	12.335	6.587	
Total current assets		149.100	172.116	64.521	84.658	
Total assets		213.211	239.363	205.076	228.253	

Balance sheet at 31 December 2023

		Group		Parent cor	npany
	Note	2023	2022	2023	2022
		ТДКК	TDKK	ТДКК	ТДКК
Equity and liabilities					
Share capital		12.195	12.195	12.195	12.195
Revaluation reserve		14.281	15.101	14.281	15.101
Reserve for exchange adjustments		2.288	0	0	0
Reserve for current value of hedging		3	40	0	0
Retained earnings		149.148	160.225	150.395	150.662
Equity	9	177.915	187.561	176.871	177.958
Provision for deferred tax	10	8.601	9.064	8.622	9.025
Total provisions		8.601	9.064	8.622	9.025
Other credit institutions		0	166	0	0
		·		· ·	
Total non-current liabilities	11	0	166	0	0
Other credit institutions	11	10.678	15.864	10.508	15.774
Trade payables		6.800	15.463	2.996	11.172
Payables to Group		921	901	2.802	11.330
Corporation tax		2.386	2.116	425	553
Other payables		5.910	8.228	2.852	2.441
Total current liabilities		26.695	42.572	19.583	41.270
Total liabilities		26.695	42.738	19.583	41.270
Total equity and liabilities		213.211	239.363	205.076	228.253
Staff	1				
Rent and lease liabilities	12				
Mortgages and collateral	13				
Financial instruments	14				
Related parties and ownership structure	15				

Statement of changes in equity

Group

		Revaluation	Reserve for exchange	Reserve for current value	Retained	
	Share capital	reserve	adjustments	of hedging	earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2023	12.195	15.101	0	40	160.225	187.561
Exchange adjustments	0	0	2.288	0	0	2.288
Extraordinary dividend paid	0	0	0	0	-22.675	-22.675
Dissolution of previous years' revaluation	0	-820	0	0	820	0
Fair value adjustment of hedging instruments	0	0	0	-37	0	-37
Net profit/loss for the year	0	0	0	0	10.778	10.778
Equity at 31 December 2023	12.195	14.281	2.288	3	149.148	177.915

Parent company

		Revaluation	Retained	
	Share capital	reserve	earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2023	12.195	15.101	150.662	177.958
Extraordinary dividend paid	0	0	-22.675	-22.675
Dissolution of previous years' revaluation	0	-820	820	0
Net profit/loss for the year	0	0	21.588	21.588
Equity at 31 December 2023	12.195	14.281	150.395	176.871

Cash flow statement 1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023

		Grou	up		
	Note	2023	2022		
		ТДКК	TDKK		
Net profit/loss for the year		10.778	16.179		
Adjustments	16	9.556	6.794		
Change in working capital	17	35.411	-38.962		
Cash flows from operating activities before financial income	e and				
expenses		55.745	-15.989		
Financial income		434	14		
Financial costs		-1.266	-996		
Cash flows from ordinary activities		54.913	-16.971		
Corporation tax paid		-3.894	-2.467		
Cash flows from operating activities		51.019	-19.438		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		-1.056	-1.289		
Sale of property, plant and equipment		255	300		
Cash flows from investing activities		-801	-989		
Repayment of loans from credit institutions		-168	-90		
Repayment of other current debt		-5.190	2.762		
Dividend paid		-22.675	0		
Cash flows from financing activities		-28.033	2.672		
Change in cash and cash equivalents		22.185	-17.755		
Cash and cash equivalents		39.985	57.740		
Cash and cash equivalents		62.170	39.985		
Analysis of cash and cash equivalents:					
Cash at bank and in hand		62.170	39.985		
Cash and cash equivalents		62.170	39.985		
	:				

		Grou	р	Parent co	mpany
		2023	2022	2023	2022
		ТДКК	ТДКК	ТДКК	TDKK
1	Staff				
	Wages and Salaries	36.000	36.921	19.366	19.758
	Pensions	2.905	2.675	1.086	841
	Other social security expenses	673	713	373	409
		39.578	40.309	20.825	21.008
	Wages and Salaries, pensions and other social security expenses are recognised in the following items:				
	Cost of sales	12.567	13.297	12.567	13.297
	Distribution expenses	18.647	18.716	3.645	3.275
	Administrative expenses	8.364	8.296	4.613	4.436
		39.578	40.309	20.825	21.008
	Number of fulltime employees on				
	average	93	96	40	42
2	Financial income				
	Interest received from subsidiaries	0	0	0	74
	Other financial income	434	14	39	0
		434	14	39	74

		Group		Parent company	
		2023	2022	2023	2022
		ТДКК	ТДКК	ТДКК	ТДКК
3	Financial costs				
	Interest paid to parent	6	2	6	2
	Other financial costs	1.261	993	894	578
		1.267	995	900	580
	T				
4	Tax on profit/loss for the year				
	Current tax for the year	4.127	4.050	425	554
	Deferred tax for the year	-460	-68	-403	-228
		3.667	3.982	22	326
5	Distribution of profit				
	Retained earnings	10.778	16.179	21.588	1.146
		10.778	16.179	21.588	1.146

6 Tangible assets

Group

Group			Other fixtures and fittings,	
	Land and	Plant and	tools and	
	buildings	machinery	equipment	Total
Cost at 1 January 2023	126.005	85.934	16.763	228.702
Exchange adjustment	488	51	120	659
Additions for the year	97	0	959	1.056
Disposals for the year	0	0	-480	-480
Cost at 31 December 2023	126.590	85.985	17.362	229.937
Impairment losses and				
depreciation at 1 January 2023	64.306	82.088	15.061	161.455
Exchange adjustment	162	46	95	303
Depreciation for the year	2.485	1.099	776	4.360
Impairment and depreciation of sold assets for the year	0	0	-292	-292
•	<u> </u>	0		
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December				
2023	66.953	83.233	15.640	165.826
Carrying amount at 31				
December 2023	59.637	2.752	1.722	64.111

	2023	2022
Amortisation and impairment of intangible assets are recognised in the following items:	TDKK	TDKK
Depreciation and impairment, production	3.068	3.058
Depreciation and impairment, distribution	1.023	975
Depreciation and impairment, administrative	269	263
	4.360	4.296

Parent company

Parent company			Other fixtures and fittings,	
	Land and	Plant and	tools and	
	buildings	machinery	equipment	Total
Cost at 1 January 2023	104.605	83.728	11.379	199.712
Additions for the year	97	0	76	173
Cost at 31 December 2023	104.702	83.728	11.455	199.885
Impairment losses and				
depreciation at 1 January 2023	57.136	80.049	11.094	148.279
Depreciation for the year	2.020	1.048	144	3.212
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December				
2023	59.156	81.097	11.238	151.491
Carrying amount at 31				
December 2023	45.546	2.631	217	48.394
			2023	2022
Amortication and impairment of	intangihla accota a	ro rocognicod in	ТДКК	ТДКК
Amortisation and impairment of the following items:	intaligible assets a	ire recognised in		
Depreciation and impairment, pr	oduction		3.068	3.058
Depreciation and impairment, dis	stribution		53	53
Depreciation and impairment, ad	ministrative		91	97
			3.212	3.208

		Group		Parent company	
		2023	2022	2023	2022
		ТДКК	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
7	Investments in subsidiaries				
	Cost at 1 January 2023	0	0	92.161	92.161
	Cost at 31 December 2023	0	0	92.161	92.161
	Carrying amount at 31 December				
	2023	0	0	92.161	92.161

Group

Investments in subsidiaries are specified as follows:

		Ownership
Name	Registered office	interest
Euro Wrap Ltd.	Skelmersdale, UK	100%

8 Prepayments

Prepayments comprise prepaid expenses regarding rent, insurance premiums, subscriptions and interest as well.

9 Equity

The share capital consists of 24.390 shares of a nominal value of DKK 500. No shares carry any special rights.

		Group		Parent company	
		2023	2022	2023	2022
10	Provision for deferred tax	ТДКК	TDKK	ТДКК	TDKK
10					
	Provision for deferred tax at 1 January 2023	9.064	9.120	9.025	9.222
	Deferred tax recognised in income				
	statement	-460	-68	-403	-227
	Deferred tax recognised in equity	1	25	0	30
	Provisions for deferred tax				
	through net exchange differences				
	for foreign companys	-4	-13	0	0
	Provision for deferred tax at 31 December 2023	8.601	9.064	8.622	9.025
11	Long term debt				
	Other credit institutions				
	Between 1 and 5 years	0	166	0	0
	Non-current portion	0	166	0	0
	Other short-term debt to credit				
	institutions	10.678	15.864	10.508	15.774
	Current portion	10.678	15.864	10.508	15.774
		10.678	16.030	10.508	15.774
			10.000	10.000	<u> </u>

		Group		Parent company	
		2023	2022	2023	2022
	S	ТДКК	ТДКК	ТДКК	ТДКК
12	Rent and lease liabilities				
	Operating lease liabilities. Total future lease payments:				
	Within 1 year	1.907	1.869	123	142
	Between 1 and 5 years	549	2.153	52	6
		2.456	4.022	175	148

13 Mortgages and collateral

The following assets have been put up as security for the group's bankers:

Mortage registrered to the mortgagor amounting to TDKK 50.000 in land and buildings with a				
carrying amount of	45.546	47.469	45.546	47.469
	45.546	47.469	45.546	47.469

Eurowrap Ltd has given suretyship for Eurowrap A/S' banks.

14 Financial instruments

The group has entered into a number of forward contracts during the year which had not been settled at 31 December 2023. The purpose of these contracts was to hedge future fluctuations in the GBP and USD exchange rate and the resulting impact on purchases. At the balance sheet date, the fair value of the forward exchange contracts amounts to TDKK 4 (2022: TDKK 40).

The adjustment for the year has been recognised directly on the equity.

15 Related parties and ownership structure

Controlling interest

The ultimate parent undertaking is Exacompta Clairefontaine SA, incorporated in France.

Exacompta Clairefontaine SA (incorporated in France) is the largest group to consolidate these financial statements and copies can be obtained from:

Exacompta Clairefontaine SA 19 Rue de l'Abbaye F-88480 Etival Clairafontaine France

Other related parties

Immediate parent company - Eurowrap AB, c/o Schjødt Advokat, byrå, Box 715 101 33, Stockholm

Transactions

The Company has chosen only to disclose transactions which have not been made on an arm's length basis in accordance with section 98(c)(7) of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

		Group	
		2023	2022
		ТДКК	TDKK
16	Cash flow statement - adjustments		
	Financial income	-434	-14
	Financial costs	1.267	995
	Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	4.360	4.419
	Gain/loss on sale of tangible assets	-66	-247
	Tax on profit/loss for the year	3.667	3.982
	Other adjustments	762	-2.341
		9.556	6.794
17	Cash flow statement - change in working capital		
17			20.202
	Change in inventories	25.668	-30.203
	Change in receivables	21.089	-3.763
	Change in trade payables, etc.	-11.390	-4.887
	Fair value adjustments recognised in equity, before tax	44	-109
		35.411	-38.962